



Fuels & Grid Integration Committee Webinar
September 12, 2016 from 3:00 – 4:00 EST

Webinar Summary

Attendees:

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Dub Taylor (TX) | Jovita Moffett (MI) |
| Deana Dennis (EPRI) | Lou Sahlou (MA) |
| Stephanie Mitts (UT) | Maurice Kaya (NASEO) |
| Sara Wilcockson (IL) | John Williams (NY) |
| Jordan Berman-Cutler (IL) | Bill Brown (NET Power LLC) |
| Ed Holbrook (NE) | Walker Dimmig (8 Rivers Capital) |
| David Bracht (NE) | |

The NASEO Fuels and Grid Integration Committee examines state, regional, and federal initiatives to provide direction for NASEO's projects related to the production, distribution, and consumption of electricity and liquid and gas fuels. In this webinar, presenters and members discussed the role of low-emissions technologies in grid modernization policy and program design.

Introductions and Committee Overview

- Dub Taylor, Director, Texas State Energy Conservation Office; Treasurer, NASEO Board of Directors; Co-Chair, NASEO Fuels and Grid Integration Committee
- Deana Dennis, Senior Manager, External and Government Affairs, Electric Power Research Institute; Affiliates Co-Chair, NASEO Fuels and Grid Integration Committee

A Comprehensive Approach to Clean Energy through the NY State Energy Plan - [Presentation](#)

- John Williams, Director, Policy and Regulatory Affairs, NYSERDA

Mr. Williams discussed the role of offshore wind as a resource that stands to be a significant contributor to the 50 by 30 goal, and identified instances where renewables have demonstrated value in the NY electric system by providing reliability support and price mitigation, as was experienced by the operation of land-based wind during the polar vortex.

Opportunities for Reducing Emissions from Natural Gas Plants – [Presentation](#)

- Bill Brown, CEO, NET Power LLC
- Walker Dimmig, Principal, 8 Rivers Capital

Mr. Brown and Mr. Dimmig discussed a new technology for natural gas power plants to capture 100% of the emissions at no extra cost than conventional natural gas plants.